1	ENGROSSED SENATE AMENDMENT TO
2	ENGROSSED HOUSE
З	BILL NO. 3088 By: Hilbert, Lawson and Phillips of the House
4	and
5	Hall of the Senate
6	
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8	[revenue and taxation - income tax credit - adoption
9	expenses - codification - effective date]
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12	AUTHOR: Add the following Senate Coauthors: Jett and Stephens
13	AMENDMENT NO. 1. Page 1, restore the title
14	Passed the Senate the 27th day of April, 2022.
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16	Presiding Officer of the Senate
17	riestang officer of the senate
18	Passed the House of Representatives the day of,
19	2022.
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21	Presiding Officer of the House
22	of Representatives
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1 ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 3088 By: Hilbert, Lawson and 2 Phillips of the House 3 and Hall of the Senate 4 5 6 7 [revenue and taxation - income tax credit - adoption expenses - codification - effective date | 8 9 10 11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: A new section of law to be codified 12 SECTION 1. NEW LAW 13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2357.601 of Title 68, unless 14 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 15 A. As used in this section, "nonrecurring adoption expenses" 16 means adoption fees, court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees 17 and expenses which are directly related to the legal process of 18 adoption of a child including, but not limited to, costs relating to 19 the adoption study, health and psychological examinations, 20 transportation and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the 21 child or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the 22 adoption process and are not reimbursed by other sources. The term 23 "nonrecurring adoption expenses" shall not include attorney fees 24 incurred for the purpose of litigating a contested adoption, from

and after the point of the initiation of the contest, costs associated with physical remodeling, renovation and alteration of the adoptive parents' home or property, except for a special needs child as authorized by the court.

B. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2023,
there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed pursuant to
Section 2355 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes for nonrecurring
adoption expenses paid by a resident individual taxpayer in
connection with:

10 1. The adoption of a minor; or

A proposed adoption of a minor which did not result in a
 decreed adoption.

C. The amount of the tax credit authorized by this section shall be equal to ten percent (10%) of the qualified expenses but the credit amount shall not exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) per calendar year with respect to single filing status or married filing separate income tax returns and shall not exceed Four Thousand Dollars (\$4,000.00) per calendar year with respect to married filing joint return filing status.

20 D. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement the 21 provisions of this section which shall contain a specific list of 22 nonrecurring adoption expenses which may be presumed to qualify for 23 the tax credit. The Tax Commission shall prescribe necessary 24 requirements for verification.

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1SECTION 2.AMENDATORY68 O.S. 2021, Section 2358, is2amended to read as follows:

3 Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31,
4 1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to
5 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income
6 as required by this section.

A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to
arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma
adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:

There shall be added interest income on obligations of any
 state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise
 exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that
 such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross
 income.

15 2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that 16 the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the 17 Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws or laws 18 of Oklahoma.

The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall
 be adjusted as follows:

a. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years
 beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any
 net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for
 federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an

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amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss from sources within this state, as determined pursuant to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of the total loss for such year;

For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years 6 b. 7 beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable 8 9 year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the 10 Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks 11 to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be separately determined by reference to Section 172 of 12 13 the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as 14 modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351 15 et seq. of this title, and shall be allowed without 16 regard to the existence of a federal net operating 17 loss. For tax years beginning after December 31, 18 2000, and ending before January 1, 2008, the years to 19 which such losses may be carried shall be determined 20 solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal 21 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the 22 exception that the terms "net operating loss" and 23 "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net 24 operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". For

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1 tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and 2 ending before January 1, 2009, years to which such losses may be carried back shall be limited to two (2) 3 4 years. For tax years beginning after December 31, 5 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried back shall be determined solely by reference to 6 7 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net 8 9 operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma 10 taxable income". 11

4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as
indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately
allocable in subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph, whether or
not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated
on the same basis as those items:

17 a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such
18 as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and
19 gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be
20 allocated in accordance with the situs of such
21 property;
22 b. Income from intangible personal property, such as

23 interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties,
24 and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall

be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs of the taxpayer, except that:

- where such property has acquired a nonunitary 3 (1) 4 business or commercial situs apart from the 5 domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be 6 allocated in accordance with such business or 7 commercial situs; interest income from investments held to generate working capital for 8 9 a unitary business enterprise shall be included in apportionable income; a resident trust or 10 11 resident estate shall be treated as having a separate commercial or business situs insofar as 12 13 undistributed income is concerned, but shall not 14 be treated as having a separate commercial or 15 business situs insofar as distributed income is 16 concerned,
- 17 (2) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 18 2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses from 19 the sale of an ownership interest in a publicly 20 traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b) 21 of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be allocated 22 to this state in the ratio of the original cost 23 of such partnership's tangible property in this 24 state to the original cost of such partnership's

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1 tangible property everywhere, as determined at the time of the sale; if more than fifty percent (50%) of the value of the partnership's assets 3 consists of intangible assets, capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an ownership interest in the partnership shall be 7 allocated to this state in accordance with the sales factor of the partnership for its first 8 full tax period immediately preceding its tax 10 period during which the ownership interest in the 11 partnership was sold; the provisions of this 12 division shall only apply if the capital or 13 ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an 14 ownership interest in a partnership do not 15 constitute qualifying gain receiving capital 16 treatment as defined in subparagraph a of 17 paragraph 2 of subsection F of this section, 18 (3) income from such property which is required to be 19 allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 20 5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein 21 provided; 22 Net income or loss from a business activity which is с. 23 not a part of business carried on within or without

the state of a unitary character shall be separately

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1		allocated to the state in which such activity is
2		conducted;
3	d.	In the case of a manufacturing or processing
4		enterprise the business of which in Oklahoma consists
5		solely of marketing its products by:
6		(1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped
7		directly to a point from without the state to a
8		purchaser within the state, commonly known as
9		interstate sales,
10		(2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
11		within the state pursuant to "in transit"
12		tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
13		Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
14		within the state,
15		(3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
16		within the state where the shipment to such
17		warehouses is not covered by "in transit"
18		tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
19		Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
20		within or without the state,
21		the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the
22		taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of
23		the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived
24		from the manufacture and/or processing and sales

1 everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales 2 defined in this section made to the purchaser within the state to the total sales everywhere. The term 3 4 "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means 5 a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of which is warehousing merchandise for the public; 6 7 In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable e. income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for 8 9 federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments 10 provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1 11 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows: 12 except as otherwise provided by division (2) of (1)13 this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance 14 company for a taxable year shall be apportioned 15 to this state by multiplying such income by a 16 fraction, the numerator of which is the direct 17 premiums written for insurance on property or 18 risks in this state, and the denominator of which 19 is the direct premiums written for insurance on 20 property or risks everywhere. For purposes of 21 this subsection, the term "direct premiums 22 written" means the total amount of direct 23 premiums written, assessments and annuity 24 considerations as reported for the taxable year

1		on the annual statement filed by the company with
2		the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved
3		by the National Association of Insurance
4		Commissioners, or such other form as may be
5		prescribed in lieu thereof,
6	(2)	if the principal source of premiums written by an
7		insurance company consists of premiums for
8		reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of
9		such company shall be apportioned to this state
10		by multiplying such income by a fraction, the
11		numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct
12		premiums written for insurance on property or
13		risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written
14		for reinsurance accepted in respect of property
15		or risks in this state, and the denominator of
16		which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written
17		for insurance on property or risks everywhere,
18		plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance
19		accepted in respect of property or risks
20		everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph,
21		premiums written for reinsurance accepted in
22		respect of property or risks in this state,
23		whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the
24		election of the company be determined on the

1 basis of the proportion which premiums written 2 for insurance accepted from companies commercially domiciled in Oklahoma bears to 3 4 premiums written for reinsurance accepted from 5 all sources, or alternatively in the proportion which the sum of the direct premiums written for 6 7 insurance on property or risks in this state by each ceding company from which reinsurance is 8 9 accepted bears to the sum of the total direct 10 premiums written by each such ceding company for 11 the taxable year.

12 5. The net income or loss remaining after the separate 13 allocation in paragraph 4 of this subsection, being that which is 14 derived from a unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to 15 this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of three factors 16 consisting of property, payroll and sales or gross revenue 17 enumerated as subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph. Net 18 income or loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived from 19 patent or copyright royalties, purchase discounts, and interest on 20 accounts receivable relating to or arising from a business activity, 21 the income from which is apportioned pursuant to this subsection, 22 including the sale or other disposition of such property and any 23 other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in 24 computing such net income or loss shall not include taxes based on

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1 or measured by income. Provided, for corporations whose property 2 for purposes of the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million 3 4 Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such investment is made on or after 5 July 1, 1997, or for corporations which expand their property or 6 facilities in this state and such expansion has an investment cost 7 equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) 8 over a period not to exceed three (3) years, and such expansion is 9 commenced on or after January 1, 2000, the three factors shall be 10 apportioned with property and payroll, each comprising twenty-five 11 percent (25%) of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty 12 percent (50%) of the apportionment factor. The apportionment 13 factors shall be computed as follows:

14 The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of a. 15 which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and 16 tangible personal property owned or rented and used in 17 this state during the tax period and the denominator 18 of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's 19 real and tangible personal property everywhere owned 20 or rented and used during the tax period. 21 (1)Property, the income from which is separately 22 allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection, 23 shall not be included in determining this

fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall

include a portion of the investment in transportation and other equipment having no fixed situs, such as rolling stock, buses, trucks and trailers, including machinery and equipment carried thereon, airplanes, salespersons' automobiles and other similar equipment, in the proportion that miles traveled in Oklahoma by such equipment bears to total miles traveled,

- 9 (2) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its 10 original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer 11 is valued at eight times the net annual rental 12 rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual 13 rental rate paid by the taxpayer, less any annual 14 rental rate received by the taxpayer from 15 subrentals,
- 16 (3) The average value of property shall be determined 17 by averaging the values at the beginning and 18 ending of the tax period but the Oklahoma Tax 19 Commission may require the averaging of monthly 20 values during the tax period if reasonably 21 required to reflect properly the average value of 22 the taxpayer's property;
- b. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of
 which is the total compensation for services rendered

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in the state during the tax period, and the denominator of which is the total compensation for services rendered everywhere during the tax period. "Compensation", as used in this subsection means those paid-for services to the extent related to the unitary business but does not include officers' salaries, wages and other compensation.

- In the case of a transportation enterprise, the 8 (1)9 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion 10 of such expenditure in connection with employees 11 operating equipment over a fixed route, such as 12 railroad employees, airline pilots, or bus 13 drivers, in this state only a part of the time, 14 in the proportion that mileage traveled in 15 Oklahoma bears to total mileage traveled by such 16 employees,
- 17 (2) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall
 18 include a portion of such expenditures in
 19 connection with itinerant employees, such as
 20 traveling salespersons, in this state only a part
 21 of the time, in the proportion that time spent in
 22 Oklahoma bears to total time spent in furtherance
 23 of the enterprise by such employees;
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1 с. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which 2 is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in this state during the tax period, and the denominator 3 4 of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the 5 taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales", 6 as used in this subsection does not include sales or 7 gross revenue which are separately allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection. 8

- 9 (1)Sales of tangible personal property have a situs 10 in this state if the property is delivered or 11 shipped to a purchaser other than the United 12 States government, within this state regardless 13 of the FOB point or other conditions of the sale; 14 or the property is shipped from an office, store, 15 warehouse, factory or other place of storage in 16 this state and (a) the purchaser is the United 17 States government or (b) the taxpayer is not 18 doing business in the state of the destination of 19 the shipment.
- 20 (2) In the case of a railroad or interurban railway
 21 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
 22 not be less than the allocation of revenues to
 23 this state as shown in its annual report to the
 24 Corporation Commission.

1 (3) In the case of an airline, truck or bus 2 enterprise or freight car, tank car, refrigerator 3 car or other railroad equipment enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall include a portion 4 5 of revenue from interstate transportation in the 6 proportion that interstate mileage traveled in 7 Oklahoma bears to total interstate mileage traveled. 8

9 (4) In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas pipeline 10 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall be either the total of traffic units of the 11 12 enterprise within Oklahoma or the revenue 13 allocated to Oklahoma based upon miles moved, at 14 the option of the taxpayer, and the denominator 15 of which shall be the total of traffic units of 16 the enterprise or the revenue of the enterprise 17 everywhere as appropriate to the numerator. A 18 "traffic unit" is hereby defined as the 19 transportation for a distance of one (1) mile of 20 one (1) barrel of oil, one (1) gallon of gasoline 21 or one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of natural or 22 casinghead gas, as the case may be. 23

(5) In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other communication enterprise, the numerator of the

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1 fraction shall include that portion of the 2 interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to the accounting procedures prescribed by the 3 4 Federal Communications Commission; provided that 5 in respect to each corporation or business entity required by the Federal Communications Commission 6 7 to keep its books and records in accordance with a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such 8 9 Commission, the intrastate net income shall be 10 determined separately in the manner provided by 11 such uniform system of accounts and only the interstate income shall be subject to allocation 12 13 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection. 14 Provided further, that the gross revenue factors 15 shall be those as are determined pursuant to the 16 accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal 17 Communications Commission.

In any case where the apportionment of the three factors prescribed in this paragraph attributes to Oklahoma a portion of net income of the enterprise out of all appropriate proportion to the property owned and/or business transacted within this state, because of the fact that one or more of the factors so prescribed are not employed to any appreciable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because one or more factors not so prescribed are employed to a

1 considerable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because of 2 other reasons, the Tax Commission is empowered to permit, after a showing by taxpayer that an excessive portion of net income has been 3 4 attributed to Oklahoma, or require, when in its judgment an 5 insufficient portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma, the elimination, substitution, or use of additional factors, or 6 7 reduction or increase in the weight of such prescribed factors. Provided, however, that any such variance from such prescribed 8 9 factors which has the effect of increasing the portion of net income 10 attributable to Oklahoma must not be inherently arbitrary, and 11 application of the recomputed final apportionment to the net income 12 of the enterprise must attribute to Oklahoma only a reasonable 13 portion thereof.

14 6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or 15 expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state 16 may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an 17 individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent 18 (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded 19 agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999, 20 and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen 21 percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded 22 agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming 23 the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated 24 reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars

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1 (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules 2 for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph 3 4 shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. In 5 the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any 6 7 calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into 8 9 the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption 10 permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this 11 paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an 12 exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph 13 for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which 14 the investment was originally made.

15 For purposes of this paragraph:

16 "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means а. 17 building, structures, fixtures and improvements used 18 or operated primarily for the processing or production 19 of marketable products from agricultural commodities. 20 The term shall also mean a dairy operation that 21 requires a depreciable investment of at least Two 22 Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) and which 23 produces milk from dairy cows. The term does not 24 include a facility that provides only, and nothing

1	more than, storage, cleaning, drying or transportation	
2	of agricultural commodities, and	
3	b. "Facility" means each part of the facility which is	
4	used in a process primarily for:	
5	(1) the processing of agricultural commodities,	
6	including receiving or storing agricultural	
7	commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy	
8	operation,	
9	(2) transporting the agricultural commodities or	
10	product before, during or after the processing,	
11	or	
12	(3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for	
13	sale or shipment.	
14	7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this	
15	subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in	
16	the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss	
17	shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance	
18	with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,	
19	Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss	
20	carryback shall not exceed the lesser of:	
21	a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or	
22	b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal	
23	Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half $(1/2)$ of	
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the income from all other sources other than reflected on Schedule F.

In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all 3 8. 4 qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in 5 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income. The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be 6 7 permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this 8 9 paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the 10 federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A.

9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, an
employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA
Consultation Service provided by the Oklahoma Department of Labor
shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One
Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is
utilized.

17 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, 18 there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to 19 the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income 20 pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 21 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment 22 Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from 23 Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred 24 income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1)

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of the Internal Revenue Code by Section 1231 of the American
 Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5).

For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, 3 11. there shall be subtracted from Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted 4 5 gross income any item of income or gain, and there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted gross income any item of loss or 6 7 deduction that in the absence of an election pursuant to the provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019 would 8 9 be allocated to a member or to an indirect member of an electing 10 pass-through entity pursuant to Section 2351 et seq. of this title, 11 if (i) the electing pass-through entity has accounted for such item in computing its Oklahoma net entity income or loss pursuant to the 12 13 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019, and 14 (ii) the total amount of tax attributable to any resulting Oklahoma 15 net entity income has been paid. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall 16 promulgate rules for the reporting of such exclusion to direct and 17 indirect members of the electing pass-through entity. As used in 18 this paragraph, "electing pass-through entity", "indirect member", 19 and "member" shall be defined in the same manner as prescribed by 20 Section 2355.1P-2 of this title. Notwithstanding the application of 21 this paragraph, the adjusted tax basis of any ownership interest in 22 a pass-through entity for purposes of Section 2351 et seq. of this 23 title shall be equal to its adjusted tax basis for federal income 24 tax purposes.

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1 B. 1. The taxable income of any corporation shall be further 2 adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the 3 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section 4 5 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the 6 7 Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C., Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after 8 9 December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma 10 taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for 11 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, 12 in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 13 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the 14 enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax 15 basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31, 16 1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for 17 all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of 18 such assets.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, and before January 1, 1983.

1 For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which 2 accelerated cost recovery system was previously disallowed, an adjustment to taxable income is required in the first taxable year 3 beginning after December 31, 1982, to reconcile the basis of such 4 5 assets to the basis allowed in the Internal Revenue Code. The purpose of this adjustment is to equalize the basis and allowance 6 7 for depreciation accounts between that reported to the Internal Revenue Service and that reported to Oklahoma. 8

9 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and 10 ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to 11 Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventy-12 five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a 13 small business expense under Internal Revenue Code, Section 179 as 14 provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

15 C. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the 16 taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to 17 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to 18 qualified small businesses located in Oklahoma. Such transferor 19 corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable income of an 20 amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received as a result 21 of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall not exceed 22 ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds received by such 23 transferor corporation as a result of the technology transfer. Such 24 exemption shall be allowed for a period not to exceed ten (10) years

1 from the date of receipt of the first royalty payment accruing from such transfer. No exemption may be claimed for transfers of 2 technology to qualified small businesses made prior to January 1, 3 1988. 4 5 2. For purposes of this subsection: "Qualified small business" means an entity, whether 6 a. 7 organized as a corporation, partnership, or proprietorship, organized for profit with its 8 9 principal place of business located within this state 10 and which meets the following criteria: 11 Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty (1)12 Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00), 13 (2) Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its 14 employees and assets located in Oklahoma at the 15 time of the transfer, and 16 (3) Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor 17 corporation; 18 "Technology" means a proprietary process, formula, b. 19 pattern, device or compilation of scientific or 20 technical information which is not in the public 21 domain; 22 "Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is с. 23 the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology 24 at the time the transfer is made; and

d. "Gross proceeds" means the total amount of
 consideration for the transfer of technology, whether
 the consideration is in money or otherwise.

4 For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the D. 1. 5 taxable income of any corporation, estate or trust, shall be further adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. Such 6 7 corporations, estates or trusts shall be allowed a deduction from 8 Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains receiving 9 capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate or trust during 10 the taxable year and included in the federal taxable income of such 11 corporation, estate or trust.

12 2. As used in this subsection:

a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in the
federal income tax return of the corporation, estate
or trust that result from:

18 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
19 property located within Oklahoma that has been
20 directly or indirectly owned by the corporation,
21 estate or trust for a holding period of at least
22 five (5) years prior to the date of the
23 transaction from which such net capital gains
24 arise,

the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership 1 (2) 2 interest in an Oklahoma company, limited 3 liability company, or partnership where such stock or ownership interest has been directly or 4 5 indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or 6 trust for a holding period of at least three (3) 7 years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, or 8 9 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal 10 property or intangible personal property located 11 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or 12 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma 13 company, limited liability company, or 14 partnership where such property has been directly 15 or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the 16 owners of such entity, and used in or derived 17 from such entity for a period of at least three 18 (3) years prior to the date of the transaction 19 from which the net capital gains arise, 20 "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of b. 21 time. The holding period shall include any additional 22 period when the property was held by another 23 individual or entity, if such additional period is 24

1 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the 2 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or 3 с. "partnership" means an entity whose primary 4 5 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date 6 7 of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, 8

- 9 d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset, 10 and
- e. "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a
 pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through
 entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the
 qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.
- 15 With respect to sales of real property or (1)16 tangible personal property located within 17 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this 18 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-19 through entity that makes the sale has held the 20 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted 21 years prior to the date of the transaction that 22 created the capital gain, and each pass-through 23 entity included in the chain of ownership has 24 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the

1pass-through entity in the tier immediately below2it for an uninterrupted period of not less than3five (5) years.

(2) 4 With respect to sales of stock or ownership 5 interest in or sales of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited 6 7 liability company, or partnership, the deduction described in this subsection shall not apply 8 9 unless the pass-through entity that makes the 10 sale has held the stock or ownership interest or 11 the assets for not less than three (3) 12 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the 13 transaction that created the capital gain, and 14 each pass-through entity included in the chain of 15 ownership has been a member, partner or 16 shareholder of the pass-through entity in the 17 tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted 18 period of not less than three (3) years.

E. The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income:

a. In the case of individuals, there shall be added or
 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
 to allow personal exemptions of One Thousand Dollars

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(\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.

- b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One 3 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or 4 5 spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For 6 purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind 7 only if the central visual acuity of the individual does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with 8 9 correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the 10 individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied 11 by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle 12 13 no greater than twenty (20) degrees.
- 14 There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One с. 15 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or 16 spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at 17 the close of the tax year based upon the filing status 18 and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer. 19 Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim 20 this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income 21 does not exceed:
 - (1) Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if married and filing jointly;
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- 1 (2)Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00) 2 if married and filing separately; Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single; 3 (3) 4 and 5 (4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a qualifying head of household. 6 7 Provided, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of 8 9 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the 10 conversion of a traditional individual retirement account to a Roth individual retirement account shall 11 12 be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for 13 purposes of the income thresholds provided in this 14 subparagraph. 15 2. For taxable years beginning on or before December 31, a.
- 16 2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard 17 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall 18 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the 19 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in 20 lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal 21 Revenue Code, in an amount equal to the larger of 22 fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma adjusted gross 23 income or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), but not to 24 exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), except that

in the case of a married individual filing a separate return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income or Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), but not to exceed the maximum amount of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

- 7 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of 8 9 individuals who use the standard deduction in 10 determining taxable income, there shall be added or 11 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary 12 to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard 13 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an 14 amount equal to:
 - (1) Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing status is married filing joint, head of household or qualifying widow; or

(2) Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.

c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and
ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals
who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard

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1		deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
2		the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
3		(1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),
4		if the filing status is married filing joint or
5		qualifying widow; or
6		(2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars
7		(\$4,125.00) for a head of household; or
8		(3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars
9		(\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or
10		married filing separate.
11	d.	For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and
12		ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals
13		who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
14		income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
15		may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
16		deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
17		the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
18		(1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), if
19		the filing status is married filing joint or
20		qualifying widow, or
21		(2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
22		(\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or
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- (3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars(\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.
- 4 For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, and e. 5 ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable 6 7 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard 8 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by 9 10 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to: 11 Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00), (1)if the filing status is married filing joint or 12

qualifying widow, or

- (2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars(\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or
 - (3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.

Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code. f. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, and ending on December 31, 2016, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in

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determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction equal to the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, based upon the amount and filing status prescribed by such Code for purposes of filing federal individual income tax returns.

- g. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
 2017, in the case of individuals who use the standard
 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the
 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in
 lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal
 Revenue Code, as follows:
 - (1) Six Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$6,350.00) for single or married filing separately,
- 18 (2) Twelve Thousand Seven Hundred Dollars
 19 (\$12,700.00) for married filing jointly or
 20 qualifying widower with dependent child, and
- 21 (3) Nine Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
 22 (\$9,350.00) for head of household.
 23 3. a. In the case of resident and part-year resident

individuals having adjusted gross income from sources

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both within and without the state, the itemized or standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be reduced to an amount which is the same portion of the total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized deductions include allowable moving expense, proration of moving expense shall not be required or permitted but allowable moving expense shall be fully deductible for those taxpayers moving within or into Oklahoma and no part of moving expense shall be deductible for those taxpayers moving without or out of Oklahoma. All other itemized or standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be subject to proration as provided by law.

15 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 16 2018, the net amount of itemized deductions allowable 17 on an Oklahoma income tax return, subject to the 18 provisions of paragraph 24 of this subsection, shall 19 not exceed Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00). 20 For purposes of this subparagraph, charitable 21 contributions and medical expenses deductible for 22 federal income tax purposes shall be excluded from the 23 amount of Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00) as 24 specified by this subparagraph.

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1 4. A resident individual with a physical disability 2 constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor 3 4 vehicle, home or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or 5 her handicap. A veteran certified by the Department of Veterans 6 Affairs of the federal government as having a service-connected 7 disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to 8 9 employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a 10 list of combinations of common disabilities and modifications which 11 may be presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification. 12

13 5. a. Before July 1, 2010, the first One Thousand Five 14 Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person 15 from the United States as salary or compensation in 16 any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member 17 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United 18 States shall be deducted from taxable income. 19 On or after July 1, 2010, one hundred percent (100%) b. 20 of the income received by any person from the United 21 States as salary or compensation in any form, other 22 than retirement benefits, as a member of any component 23 of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be 24 deducted from taxable income.

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- c. Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a
 member of the Armed Forces of the United States is
 made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by
 reason of:
 - (1) absence from the United States, which term includes only the states and the District of Columbia;
 - (2) absence from the State of Oklahoma while on active duty; or
 - (3) confinement in a hospital within the United States for treatment of wounds, injuries or disease,

the time for filing a return and paying an income tax shall be and is hereby extended without incurring liability for interest or penalties, to the fifteenth day of the third month following the month in which:

- 17(a) Such individual shall return to the United18States if the extension is granted pursuant19to subparagraph a of this paragraph, return20to the State of Oklahoma if the extension is21granted pursuant to subparagraph b of this22paragraph or be discharged from such23hospital if the extension is granted
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- pursuant to subparagraph c of this paragraph; or
 - (b) An executor, administrator, or conservator of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed, whichever event occurs the earliest.

6 Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant 7 any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax 8 9 without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such 10 extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax 11 Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in 12 excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted, 13 and the reason therefor, shall be kept.

14 Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of 6. 15 compensation, received from the United States by a member of any 16 component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be 17 deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is 18 detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is 19 missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010, 20 all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as 21 provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection.

22 7. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or
 23 nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal
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1 income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable year.

- Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this 3 b. 4 paragraph shall be deductible by any individual 5 taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the extent they relate to income subject to taxation 6 7 pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax The maximum amount allowable in the preceding 8 Act. 9 paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the 10 Oklahoma adjusted gross income to federal adjusted 11 gross income.
- 12 с. For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income 13 taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes 14 imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though 15 the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for 16 17 tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not 18 be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten 19 percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced 20 refund of the credit received during the tax year 21 provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and 22 Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-23 16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not 24 be subject to taxation.

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d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and beginning before January 1, 2006.

Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred 4 8. 5 Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand 6 7 Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax years, which are received by an individual from the civil service of 8 9 the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System, 10 the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law 11 Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and 12 Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement 13 System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant 14 to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the 15 Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma 16 Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma 17 Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee 18 retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-19 101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt 20 from taxable income.

9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social
Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from
taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the

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federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section
 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.

10. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lump-3 4 sum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation, 5 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a) 6 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which 7 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or brokerage account in a financial institution within this state, 8 shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a 9 10 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account 11 within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 12 U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage 13 account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in 14 taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from 15 individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of 16 the Internal Revenue Code.

17 11. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995,
18 contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings
19 account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title
20 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

21 12. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the 22 Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a 23 swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction 24 for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs

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1 which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for 2 federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is 3 4 allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of 5 an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to 6 this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation 7 allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the 8 individual.

9	13.	a.	In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002,
10			nonrecurring adoption expenses paid by a resident
11			individual taxpayer in connection with:
12			(1) the adoption of a minor, or
13			(2) a proposed adoption of a minor which did not
14			result in a decreed adoption,
15			may be deducted from the Oklahoma adjusted gross
16			income.
17		b.	The deductions for adoptions and proposed adoptions
18			authorized by this paragraph shall not exceed Twenty
19			Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per calendar year.
20		c.	The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement
21			the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a
22			specific list of nonrecurring adoption expenses which
23			may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
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1 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification. 2 "Nonrecurring adoption expenses" means adoption fees, 3 d. court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees and 4 5 expenses which are directly related to the legal process of adoption of a child including, but not 6 7 limited to, costs relating to the adoption study, health and psychological examinations, transportation 8 9 and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the child 10 or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the 11 adoption process and are not reimbursed by other 12 sources. The term "nonrecurring adoption expenses" 13 shall not include attorney fees incurred for the 14 purpose of litigating a contested adoption, from and 15 after the point of the initiation of the contest, 16 costs associated with physical remodeling, renovation 17 and alteration of the adoptive parents' home or 18 property, except for a special needs child as 19 authorized by the court. 20 In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005, 14. a. 21 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts 22 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an 23 individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and

whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five

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1 Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing 2 status is single, head of household, or married filing separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or 3 4 less if the filing status is married filing joint or 5 qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, 6 7 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts specified in this paragraph, which are received by an 8 9 individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is 10 less than the qualifying amount specified in this 11 paragraph, shall be exempt from taxable income. For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount 12 b. 13 shall be as follows: 14 in taxable years beginning after December 31, (1)15 2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the 16 qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand 17 Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the 18 filing status is single, head of household, or 19 married filing separate, or Seventy-five Thousand 20 Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status 21 is married filing jointly or qualifying widow, 22 in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, (2) 23 the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand 24 Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status

1		is single, head of household, or married filing
2		separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars
3		(\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is
4		married filing jointly or qualifying widow,
5	(3)	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008,
6		the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand
7		Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the
8		filing status is single, head of household, or
9		married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty-
10		five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if
11		the filing status is married filing jointly or
12		qualifying widow,
13	(4)	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009,
14		the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred
15		Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the
16		filing status is single, head of household, or
17		married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand
18		Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing
19		status is married filing jointly or qualifying
20		widow, and
21	(5)	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010,
22		and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no
23		limitation upon the qualifying amount.
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- c. For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits"
 means the total distributions or withdrawals from the
 following:
 - (1) an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,
 - (2) an eligible deferred compensation plan that satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457,
- 10 (3) an individual retirement account, annuity or 11 trust or simplified employee pension that 12 satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of the 13 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408,
- 14 (4) an employee annuity subject to the provisions of
 15 Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue
 16 Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b),
- United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the
 requirements of Section 86 of the Internal
 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or
- 20 (6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan
 21 which satisfies the requirements of Section
 22 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
 23 Section 402(e).
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1 d. The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph 2 shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five 3 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and 4 5 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any individual 6 7 who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 8 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a 8 9 combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph 10 and paragraph 8 of this subsection in an amount 11 exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars 12 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five 13 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and 14 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax 15 year and all subsequent tax years.

16 15. 14. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for 17 an individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a 18 Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 19 such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any 20 amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal 21 adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an 22 obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the 23 production of agricultural products.

1 16. <u>15.</u> In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount 2 equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship 3 or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps 4 Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the 5 Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

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7 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, 16. a. and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a 8 9 deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts 10 established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings 11 Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of 12 contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the 13 deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand 14 Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for 15 each account.

16 b. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, 17 each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for 18 contributions to accounts established pursuant to the 19 Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual 20 deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to 21 all such accounts plus any contributions to such 22 accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after 23 December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no 24 event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten

Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual 1 taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a 3 4 contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in 5 the year for which the contribution is made may be carried forward as a deduction from income for the 6 7 succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be 8 9 taken for contributions and rollovers made during a 10 taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding 11 year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax 12 return, excluding extensions, whichever is later. 13 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may 14 not be taken for two (2) different taxable years. 15 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, с. 16 deductions for contributions made pursuant to 17 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as 18 follows:

for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year (1)carryforward election and who takes a rollover or nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced

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by the amount which is equal to the rollover or nonqualified withdrawal, and

- (2) for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or nonqualified withdrawal within the same tax year in which a contribution was made to the taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the contribution which is equal to the rollover or nonqualified withdrawal.
- 11d.If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a12contribution for which a deduction has been taken13pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within14one (1) year of the date of contribution, the amount15of such rollover shall be included in the adjusted16gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of17the rollover.
- e. If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of
 contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant
 to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified
 withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included
 in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the
 taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal.
- 24 f. As used in this paragraph:

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- (1) "non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal
 from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account
 other than one of the following:
 (a) a qualified withdrawal,
- 5 (b) a withdrawal made as a result of the death 6 or disability of the designated beneficiary 7 of an account,
- (C) a withdrawal that is made on the account of 8 9 a scholarship or the allowance or payment 10 described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or 11 by the Internal Revenue Code, received by 12 the designated beneficiary to the extent the 13 amount of the refund does not exceed the 14 amount of the scholarship, allowance, or 15 payment, or
- 16 (d) a rollover or change of designated 17 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of 18 Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of Oklahoma 19 Statutes, and

20 (2) "rollover" means the transfer of funds from the
21 Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan
22 under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.
23 18. 17. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005,
24 retirement benefits received by an individual from any component of

1 the Armed Forces of the United States in an amount not to exceed the 2 greater of seventy-five percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten 3 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income 4 but in no case less than the amount of the exemption provided by 5 paragraph 14 13 of this subsection.

6 19. <u>18.</u> For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, 7 retirement benefits received by federal civil service retirees, 8 including survivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security 9 benefits shall be exempt from taxable income to the extent such 10 benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant 11 to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 12 U.S.C., Section 86, according to the following schedule:

13 a. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty 14 percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt, 15 b. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty 16 percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt, 17 с. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty 18 percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt, 19 d. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty 20 percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and 21 e. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and 22 subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%) 23 of such benefits shall be exempt.

24 20. 19.

1 For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a a. 2 resident individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross 3 income if the individual, or the dependent of the 4 5 individual, while living, donates one or more human organs of the individual to another human being for 6 7 human organ transplantation. As used in this paragraph, "human organ" means all or part of a liver, 8 9 pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. A deduction that is claimed under this paragraph may be 10 11 claimed in the taxable year in which the human organ 12 transplantation occurs.

- b. An individual may claim this deduction only once, and
 the deduction may be claimed only for unreimbursed
 expenses that are incurred by the individual and
 related to the organ donation of the individual.
- 17 c. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to
 18 implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall
 19 contain a specific list of expenses which may be
 20 presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
 21 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
 22 verification.

23 <u>21.</u> <u>20.</u> For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009,
24 there shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the

1 beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician 2 or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 1-3 2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

4 22. 21. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,
5 taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation
6 exempted under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
7 U.S.C., Section 85(c) (2009).

23. 22. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, 8 9 there shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount 10 less than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award for participation in a competitive livestock show event. 11 For 12 purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a 13 scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the 14 sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a 15 scholarship in its books and records.

16 24. 23. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 17 2016, taxable income shall be increased by any amount of state and 18 local sales or income taxes deducted under 26 U.S.C., Section 164 of 19 the Internal Revenue Code. If the amount of state and local taxes 20 deducted on the federal return is limited, taxable income on the 21 state return shall be increased only by the amount actually deducted 22 after any such limitations are applied.

23 <u>25.</u> <u>24.</u> For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020,
24 each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for contributions to

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1 accounts established pursuant to the Achieving a Better Life 2 Experience (ABLE) Program as established in Section 4001.1 et seq. of Title 56 of the Oklahoma Statutes. For any tax year, the 3 4 deduction provided for in this paragraph shall not exceed Ten 5 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for an individual taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. 6 7 Any amount of contribution not deducted by the taxpayer in the tax year for which the contribution is made may be carried forward as a 8 9 deduction from income for up to five (5) tax years. Deductions may 10 be taken for contributions made during the tax year and through 11 April 15 of the succeeding tax year, or through the due date of a 12 taxpayer's state income tax return excluding extensions, whichever 13 is later. Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may not 14 be taken in more than one (1) tax year.

F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of such individual taxpayer during the taxable year.

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2. As used in this subsection:

21a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means22the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section231222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an

individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that result from:

- (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal property located within Oklahoma that has been directly or indirectly owned by the individual taxpayer for a holding period of at least five
 (5) years prior to the date of the transaction from which such net capital gains arise,
- 9 (2) the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or 10 indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma 11 company, limited liability company, or partnership where such stock or ownership 12 13 interest has been directly or indirectly owned by 14 the individual taxpayer for a holding period of 15 at least two (2) years prior to the date of the 16 transaction from which the net capital gains 17 arise, or
- (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal
 property or intangible personal property located
 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or
 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma
 company, limited liability company, or
 partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship
 business enterprise where such property has been

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1directly or indirectly owned by such entity or2business enterprise or owned by the owners of3such entity or business enterprise for a period4of at least two (2) years prior to the date of5the transaction from which the net capital gains6arise,

7 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of time. The holding period shall include any additional 8 9 period when the property was held by another individual or entity, if such additional period is 10 11 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the 12 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, 13 с. "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or 14 "partnership" means an entity whose primary 15 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at 16 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date 17 of the transaction from which the net capital gains 18 arise,

19d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns20the asset,

e. "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of passthrough entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.

1 (1)With respect to sales of real property or 2 tangible personal property located within 3 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this 4 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-5 through entity that makes the sale has held the 6 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted 7 years prior to the date of the transaction that created the capital gain, and each pass-through 8 9 entity included in the chain of ownership has 10 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the 11 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below 12 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than 13 five (5) years.

14 With respect to sales of stock or ownership (2)15 interest in or sales of all or substantially all 16 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited 17 liability company, partnership or Oklahoma 18 proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction 19 described in this subsection shall not apply 20 unless the pass-through entity that makes the 21 sale has held the stock or ownership interest for 22 not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior 23 to the date of the transaction that created the 24 capital gain, and each pass-through entity

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1 included in the chain of ownership has been a 2 member, partner or shareholder of the passthrough entity in the tier immediately below it 3 for an uninterrupted period of not less than two 4 5 (2) years. For purposes of this division, uninterrupted ownership prior to July 1, 2007, 6 7 shall be included in the determination of the required holding period prescribed by this 8 9 division, and f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a 10 11 business enterprise whose income and expenses have 12 been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual 13 taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar 14 successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue 15 Service and whose primary headquarters have been 16 located in Oklahoma for at least three (3) 17 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the 18 transaction from which the net capital gains arise. 19 G. 1. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income 20 under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed 21 by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment 22 trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in 23 computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real 24 estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust.

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For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under
 this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents
 and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust
 that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this
 subsection. As used in this subsection:

- a. the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT"
 means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 856
 of the Internal Revenue Code,
- 9 b. the term "captive real estate investment trust" means a real estate investment trust, the shares or 10 11 beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded 12 on an established securities market and more than 13 fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of 14 the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned 15 or controlled, directly or indirectly, or 16 constructively, by a single entity that is:
- 17 (1) treated as an association taxable as a
 18 corporation under the Internal Revenue Code, and
 - (2) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The term shall not include a real estate investment trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an established securities market, and that satisfies the

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1 requirements of Section 856(a)(5) and (6) of the U.S. 2 Internal Revenue Code by reason of Section 856(h)(2) 3 of the Internal Revenue Code, 4 c. the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall 5 not include the following entities:

- (1) any real estate investment trust as defined in paragraph a of this subsection other than a "captive real estate investment trust", or
- 9 (2) any qualified real estate investment trust 10 subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal 11 Revenue Code, other than a qualified REIT 12 subsidiary of a "captive real estate investment 13 trust", or
- 14 any Listed Australian Property Trust (meaning an (3) 15 Australian unit trust registered as a "Managed 16 Investment Scheme" under the Australian 17 Corporations Act in which the principal class of 18 units is listed on a recognized stock exchange in 19 Australia and is regularly traded on an 20 established securities market), or an entity 21 organized as a trust, provided that a Listed 22 Australian Property Trust owns or controls, 23 directly or indirectly, seventy-five percent
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1		(75%) or more of the voting power or value of the
2		bene	ficial interests or shares of such trust, or
3	(4)	any	Qualified Foreign Entity, meaning a
4		corp	oration, trust, association or partnership
5		orga	nized outside the laws of the United States
6		and	which satisfies the following criteria:
7		(a)	at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the
8			entity's total asset value at the close of
9			its taxable year is represented by real
10			estate assets, as defined in Section
11			856(c)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code,
12			thereby including shares or certificates of
13			beneficial interest in any real estate
14			investment trust, cash and cash equivalents,
15			and U.S. Government securities,
16		(b)	the entity receives a dividend-paid
17			deduction comparable to Section 561 of the
18			Internal Revenue Code, or is exempt from
19			entity level tax,
20		(C)	the entity is required to distribute at
21			least eighty-five percent (85%) of its
22			taxable income, as computed in the
23			jurisdiction in which it is organized, to
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1 the holders of its shares or certificates of 2 beneficial interest on an annual basis, not more than ten percent (10%) of the 3 (d) 4 voting power or value in such entity is held 5 directly or indirectly or constructively by a single entity or individual, or the shares 6 7 or beneficial interests of such entity are regularly traded on an established 8 9 securities market, and

(e) the entity is organized in a country whichhas a tax treaty with the United States.

3. For purposes of this subsection, the constructive ownership rules of Section 318(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by Section 856(d)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall apply in determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any person.

17 4. A real estate investment trust that does not become 18 regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1) 19 year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment 20 trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an 21 established securities market, retroactive to the date it first 22 became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended 23 return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or 24 part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real

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1	estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real
2	estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on
3	the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the
4	Internal Revenue Code and has elected to be treated as a real estate
5	investment trust pursuant to Section 856(c)(1) of the Internal
6	Revenue Code.
7	SECTION 3. This act shall become effective November 1, 2022.
8	Passed the House of Representatives the 8th day of March, 2022.
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10	Presiding Officer of the House
11	of Representatives
12	Passed the Senate the day of, 2022.
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15	Presiding Officer of the Senate
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